

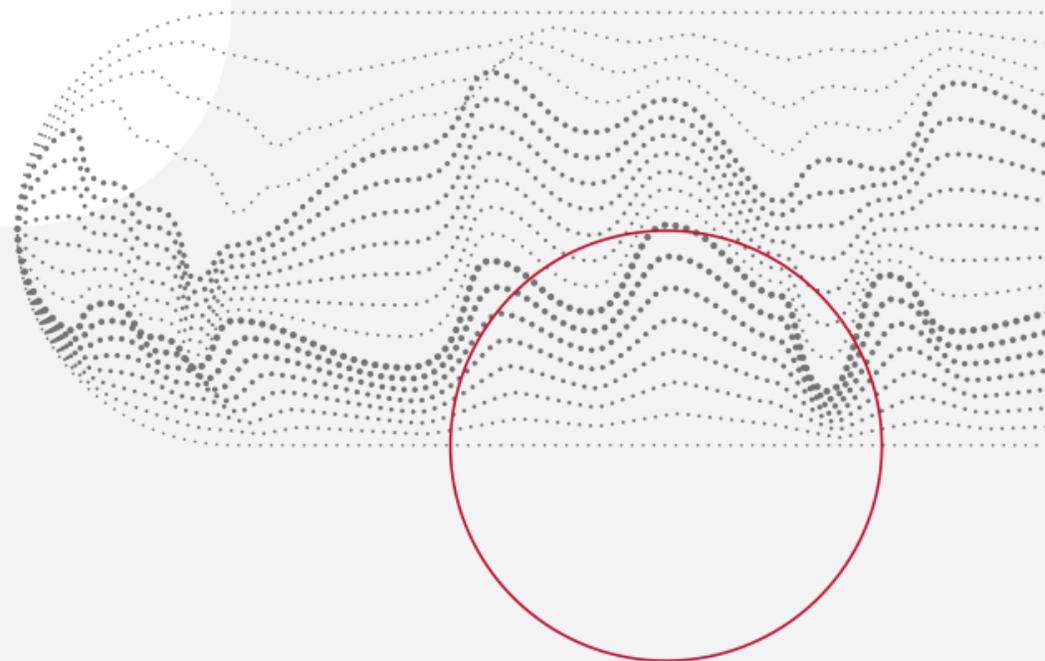
Within-firm and between-firm drivers of wage inequality in Central and Eastern Europe

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RESEARCH FOCUS AND RESEARCH QUESTIONS



The goal of the paper:

- contribute to the ongoing economic and policy debate on wage and income inequalities, by adding analysis **on changes in wage dispersion and their determinants in CEE countries in the 2000s**

The main research questions:

- (1) the role of establishments in determining wage inequality in CEE countries? Wage differentials arising between firms or within?
- (2) How did wage inequality evolve during the period of 2002-2010? What were the external institutional and economic factors that may motivate the observed changes?
- (3) What are the microeconomic determinants of changes in wage dispersion in the CEE countries?

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RESEARCH CONTRIBUTION



Various strands of literature:

- the determinants and the evolution in wage inequalities (Autor et al., 2008; Lemieux, 2006), the role of firm level characteristics (Card et al. (2013) , Barth et al. 2014, Handwerker & Spletter (2015))

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- between and within firms wage differentials (Card et at. 2013, Barth et al. 2014, Kelly et al. 2017)
- institutional development that influence wage setting mechanisms in CEE countries (Basu, et al. 2004, Magda et al. 2012, 2016).

DATASET AND VARIABLES



- **2002, 2006 and 2010 Structure of Earnings Survey** – a large **matched employer-employee** database.
- 9 CEE countries: CZ, EE, HU, LT, LV, PO, RO, SK & BG; over 16 million individual observations
- Hourly wage – average gross hourly earnings in a given month
- variance of log hourly wages as our measure of wage inequality

METHODOLOGY: Three steps



- changes in the variance of (log) earnings for each country and next decompose it into a between- firms and within-firm components (a la Barth et al. 2014)

$$\text{Var}(\ln w_{ij}) = \text{Var}(\text{within}) + \text{Var}(\text{between}) = \text{Var}(\ln w_{ij} - \underline{\ln w}_i) + \text{Var}(\underline{\ln w}_i),$$

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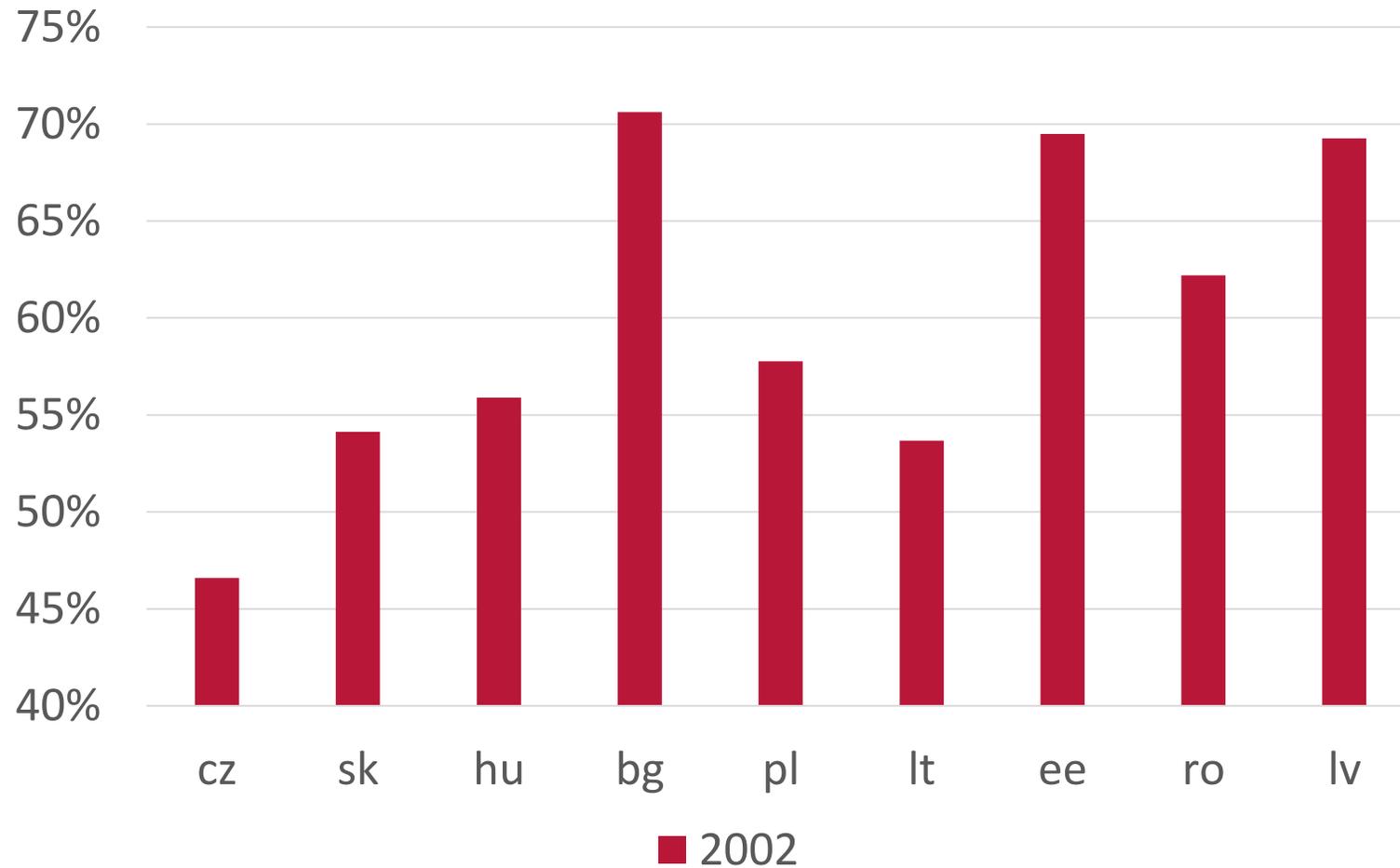
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- decompose changes over time a la Oaxaca – Blinder using RIF regressions (Firpo et al. 2009)

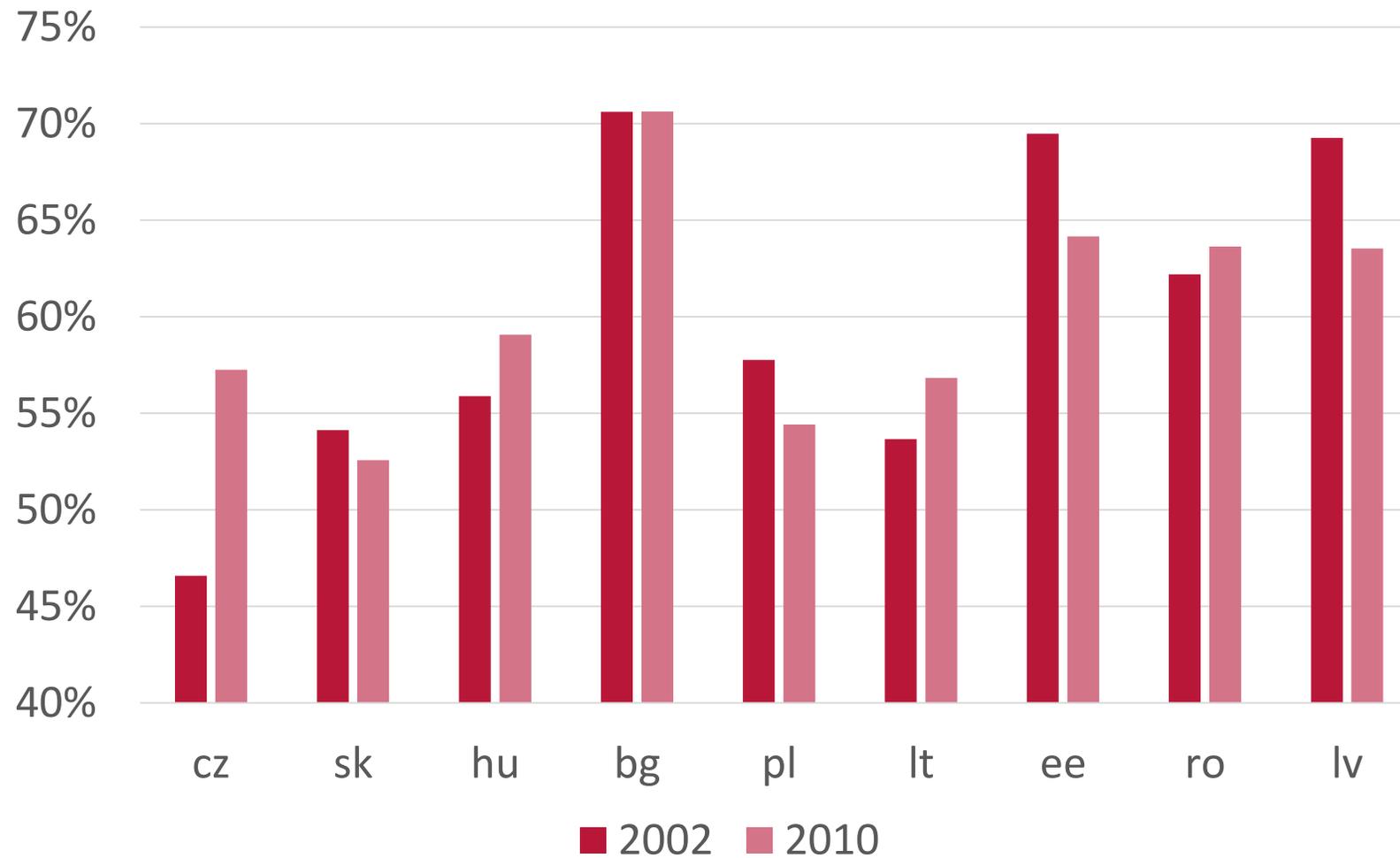
RESULTS (1) Total variance of $\ln(\text{wages})$ converges



RESULTS (2) The between-firms share of Var between EU & US | :



RESULTS (2) but it converges as well



Results (3) Determinants of changes in wage dispersion



	CZ	HU	SK	PL	EE	LT	LV	BG	RO
Difference	0.040***	0.032***	-0.032**	-0.033***	-0.185***	-0.044***	-0.110***	-0.030**	-0.033**
Endowments	0.074***	0.125***	0.013	0.193***	0.007	0.056***	0.099**	0.164***	0.187***
Coefficients	0.154***	0.120***	0.032	-0.020**	-0.099***	-0.036**	-0.091***	0.155***	0.062***
Interactions	-0.188***	-0.213***	-0.077**	-0.207***	-0.093	-0.064***	-0.118***	-0.350***	-0.281***

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- Changing structure of individuals (endowments component) was inequality increasing, coefficients – increased inequality in half of countries
- changes in the observed **characteristics of firms** appear to be the most important predictors of (increased) wage inequality
- Interaction terms explains most of decreased inequality – **institutional changes + economic crisis?**

CONCLUSIONS



- overall higher wage inequality at a country level appears to be associated with higher between- firm inequality, this between-firm inequality share between DE and US levels

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- the within firm inequality decreased (in 2010 lower than the 2002 levels in virtually all CEE countries), between-firm inequality „converged”
- Firm level characteristics an important contribution to (increased) wage inequality
- Changes in institutional setting and the crisis likely contributed to decreasing inequality?

NEXT STEPS



- 2014 data update

Thank you!

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